A decorative border with a repeating blue and white geometric pattern surrounds the text.

Barker's Lane Community School Calculation Policy

Year 1 Mental Addition

1. Using Place Value:

Counting in ones


e.g. $45 + 1$

Count in tens

e.g. $45 + 10$ without counting on in tens

Add 10 to any given 2 digit number

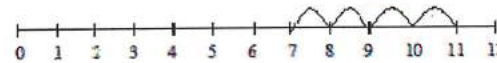
Use near doubles NSP—

34	35	36
44		46
54	55	56

2. Counting on

Count on in ones

e.g. $8 + 3$ as 8, 9, 10, 11



Add, putting the larger number first

Count on in tens

e.g. $45 + 20$ as 45, 55, 65

3. Using number facts:

'Story' of 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9

e.g. $7 = 7 + 0$, $6 + 1$, $5 + 2$, $4 + 3$

Number bonds to 10

e.g. $5 + 5$, $6 + 4$, $7 + 3$, $8 + 2$, $9 + 1$, $10 + 0$

$$2 = 1 + 1$$

$$2 + 3 = 4 + 1$$

$$3 = 3$$

$$2 + 2 + 2 = 4 + 2$$

$$3 + 4 = \square$$

$$3 + \square = 7$$

$$\square + 4 = 7$$

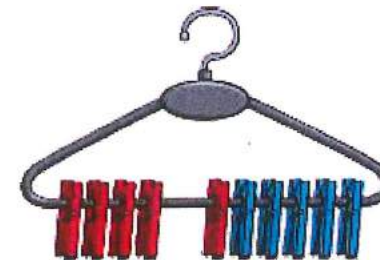
$$\square + \tilde{N} = 7$$

$$\square = 3 + 4$$

$$7 = \square + 4$$

$$7 = 3 + \square$$

$$7 = \square + \tilde{N}$$



$$4 + 6 = 10$$

Use patterns based on known facts when adding

e.g. $4 + 3 = 7$ so we know $24 + 3$, $44 + 3$, $74 + 3$

Learners will begin to use informal and formal pencil and paper methods to support, record and explain partial mental methods building on existing mental Strategies.

Year 2 Mental Addition

1. Using place value:

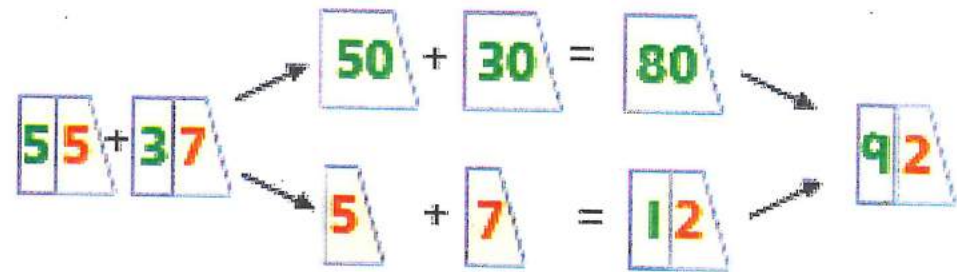
Know 1 more or 10 more than any number

e.g. 1 more than 67

e.g. 10 more than 85

Partitioning

e.g. $55 + 37$ as $50 + 30$ and $5 + 7$, then finally combine the two totals: $80 + 12$



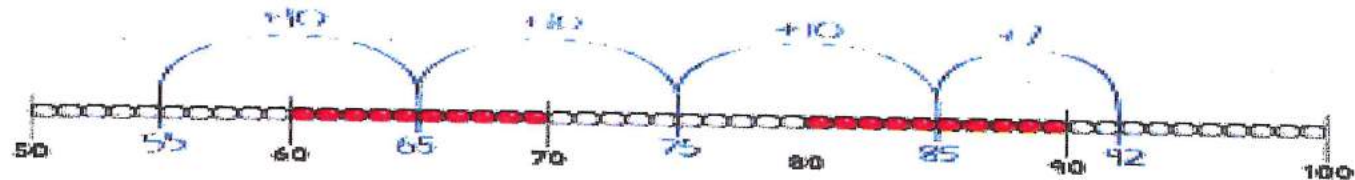
2. Counting on:

Add 10 and multiples of 10 to a given 1 or 2 digit number

e.g. $76 + 20$ as 76, 86, 96 or in one hop: $76 + 20 = 96$

Add two 2 digit numbers by counting on in tens, then in ones

e.g. $55 + 37$ as $55 + 30$ (85) $+ 7 = 92$



Add near multiples of 10

e.g. $46 + 19 = 46 + 20 - 1$

e.g. $63 + 21 = 63 + 20 + 1$

Add 9 or 11 similarly

$$55 + 37 = 55 + 30 + 7$$

Year 2 Mental Addition continued

3. Using number facts:

Know pairs of numbers which make the numbers up to and including 12

e.g. $8 = 4+4, 3+5, 2+6, 1+7, 0+8$

e.g. $10 = 5+5, 4+6, 3+7, 2+8, 1+9, 10+0$

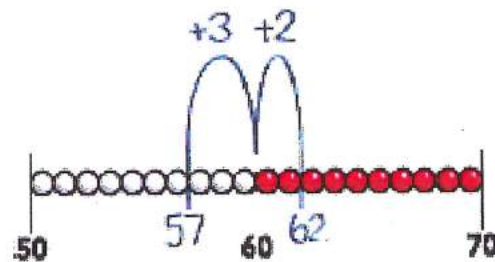
Use patterns based on known facts when adding

e.g. $6+3 = 9$, so we know $36+3 = 39, 66+3 = 69, 56+3 = 59$



Bridging 10

e.g. $57+5 = 57+3 (60) + 2=62$



Add three or more 1 digit numbers, spotting bonds to 10 or doubles

e.g. $3+5+3 = 6+5 = 11$

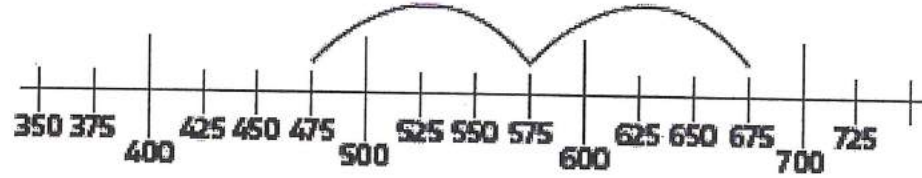
e.g. $8+2+4 = 10+4 = 14$

Year 3 Mental Addition

1. Using place value:

Count in hundreds

e.g. Know $475+200$ as 475, 575, 675



Add multiples of 10, 100 and £1

e.g. $746 + 200$

e.g. $746 + 40$

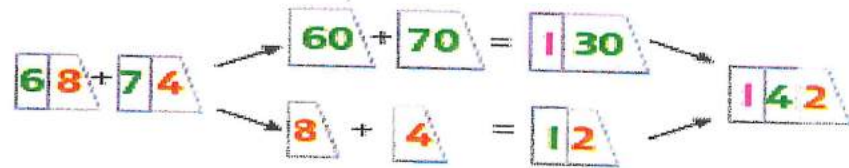
e.g. $£6.34+£5$ as $£6+£5$ and 34p

Partitioning

e.g. $£8.50+£3.70$ as $£8+£3$ and 50p + 70p and combine the totals: $£11 + £1.20$ (Decimal point NSP page 272)

e.g. $347 + 36$ as 300 and 40+30 and 7+6 and combine the totals: $370+13 = 383$

e.g. $68 + 74$ as $60 + 70$ and $8+4$ and combine the totals: $130+12 = 142$



+ = signs and missing numbers

Continue using a range of equations as in Year 1 and 2 but with appropriate, larger numbers.

Partition into tens and ones

Partition both numbers and recombine.

Count on by partitioning the second number only e.g.

$$36 + 53 = 53 + 30 + 6$$



Year 3 Mental Addition continued

2. Counting on:

Add two 2 digit numbers by adding the multiple of 10, then the ones

e.g. $67 + 55$ as $67 + 50$ (117) + 5 = 122. Add near multiples 10 and 100

e.g. $67 + 39$ (NSP page 268 for examples)

e.g. $364 + 199$ (Add HTU + TU, NSP page 270)

Add pairs of 'friendly' 3 digit numbers

e.g. $548 + 120$

Count on from 3 digit numbers

e.g. $247 + 34$ as $247 + 30$ (277) + 4 = 281

6

$28 + 35$

28	$+$	20	$+$	8
$+ 35$		30		5
50		20	$+$	30
13		8	$+$	5
63		50	$+$	10
			$+$	3

$20 + 30 = 50$	$35 + 20 = 55$
$63 - 35 = 28$	$63 - 28 = 35$

3. Using number facts:

Know pairs which total each number to 20

e.g. $7 + 8 = 15$

e.g. $12 + 6 = 18$

Number bonds to 100

e.g. $35 + 65$

$46 + 54$

$73 + 27$

7

$28 + 35$

28	$+$	20	$+$	8
$+ 35$		30		5
13		8	$+$	5
50		20	$+$	30
63		50	$+$	10
			$+$	3

$28 + 30 = 58$	$35 + 28 = 63$
$63 - 35 = 28$	$63 - 28 = 35$



Add to the next 10 and the next 100

e.g. $176 + 4 = 180$

e.g. $435 + 65 = 500$

Year 4 Mental Addition

+ = signs and missing numbers

Continue using a range of equations as in Year 1 and 2 but with appropriate numbers.

1. Using place value:

Count in thousands

e.g. Know $3475 + 2000$ as $3475, 4475, 5475$

Partitioning

e.g. $746+40$

e.g. $746+203$ as $700+200$ and $6+3$

e.g. $134+707$ as $100+700$ and $4+7$

2. Counting on:

Add 2 digit numbers to 2, 3 and 4 digit numbers by adding the multiple of 10 then the ones

e.g. $167+55$ as $167+50$ (217) $+ 5 = 222$

Add near multiples of 10, 100, 1000

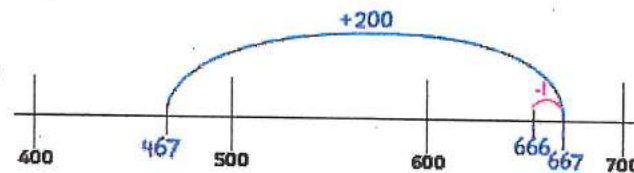
e.g. $467 + 199$

$3462 + 2999$

Count on to add 3 digit numbers and money

e.g. $463 + 124$ as $463 + 100$ (563) $+ 20$ (583) $+ 4 = 587$

e.g. $\text{£}4.67 + \text{£}5.30$ as $\text{£}9.67 + 30\text{p}$



Year 4 Mental Addition continued

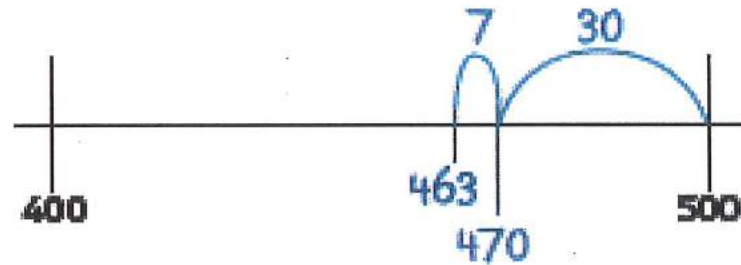
3. Using number facts:

Number bonds to 100 and to the next multiple of 100

e.g. $288 + 12 = 300$

e.g. $1353 + 47 = 1400$

e.g. $463 + 37 = 500$



4. Number bonds to £1 and to the next whole pound:

e.g. $63\text{p} + 37\text{p} = \text{£}1$

e.g. $\text{£}3.45 + 55\text{p} = \text{£}4$

Add to the next whole number

e.g. $4.6 + 0.4$

e.g. $7.2 + 0.8$

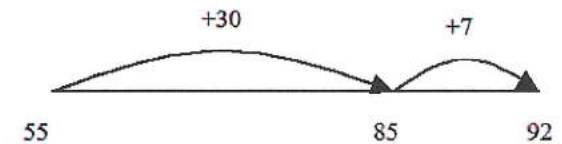
Partition into tens and ones and recombine

Either partition both numbers and recombine or partition the second number only e.g.

$$55 + 37 = 55 + 30 + 7$$

$$= 85 + 7$$

$$= 92$$



Add the nearest multiple of 10, then adjust

Continue as in Year 2 and 3 but with appropriate numbers e.g. $63 + 29$ is the same as $63 + 30 - 1$

Year 5 Mental Addition

1. Using place value:

Count in 0.1s, 0.01s

e.g. Know what 0.1 more than 0.5 is

10s	1s	0.1s	0.01s
	0	5	1

2. Partitioning:

e.g. $2.4 + 5.8$ as $2 + 5$ and $0.4 + 0.8$ and combine the totals: $7 + 1.2 = 8.2$

+ = signs and missing numbers

Continue using a range of equations as in Year 1 and 2 but with appropriate numbers.

0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1
1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2
2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3
3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	4
4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.9	5
5.1	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.9	6
6.1	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.9	7
7.1	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.9	8
8.1	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.7	8.8	8.9	9
9.1	9.2	9.3	9.4	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.9	10

Year 5 Mental Addition

3. Counting on:

Add two decimal numbers by adding the ones, then the 0.1s/0.01s

e.g. $5.72 + 3.05$ as $5.72 + 3 (8.72) + 0.05 = 8.77$

Add near multiples of 1

e.g. $6.34 + 0.99$

e.g. $5.63 + 0.9$

Count on from large numbers

e.g. $6834 + 3005$ as $9834 + 5$

4. Using number facts:

Number bonds to 1 and to the next whole number

e.g. $5.7 + 0.3$

e.g. $0.4 + 0.6$

Add to the next 10 from a decimal number

e.g. $7.8 + 2.2 = 10$

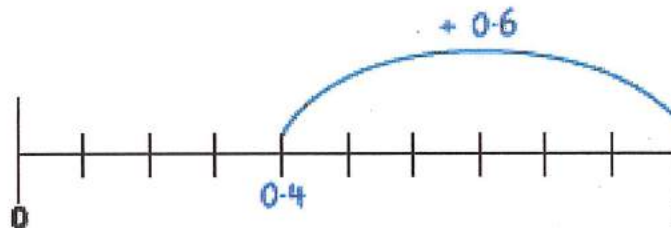
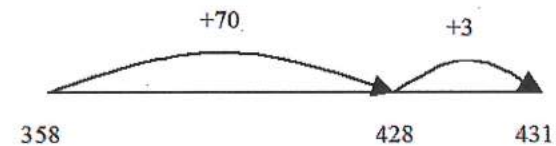
Partition into hundreds, tens and ones and recombine

Either partition both numbers and recombine or partition the second number only e.g.

$$358 + 73 = 358 + 70 + 3$$

$$= 428 + 3$$

$$= 431$$



Year 6 Mental Addition

1. Using place value:

Count in 0.1s, 0.01s, 0.001s

e.g. Know what 0.001 more than 6.725 is

Partitioning

e.g. $9.54 + 3.23$ as $9 + 3$, $0.5 + 0.2$ and $0.04 + 0.03$, to give 12.77

2. Counting on:

Add two decimal numbers by adding the ones, then the 0.1s, 0.01s, 0.001s

e.g. $6.345 + 0.999$

e.g. $5.673 + 0.9$

Count on from large numbers

e.g. $16375 + 12003$ as $28375 + 3$

3. Using number facts:

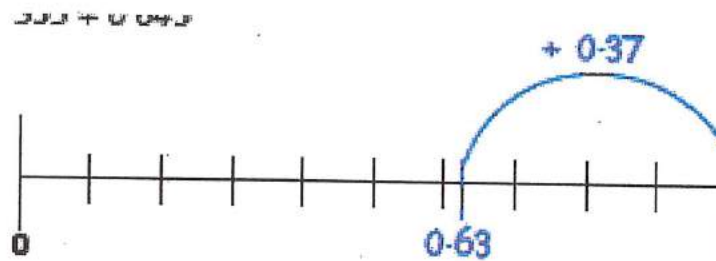
Number bonds to 1 and the next multiple of 1

e.g. $0.63 + 0.37$

e.g. $2.355 + 0.645$

Add to the next 10

e.g. $4.62 + 5.38$



Year 3 Written Addition

Build on partitioning to develop expanded column addition with two 3 digit numbers and 3 digit numbers

e.g. $466 + 358$

$$\begin{array}{r} 400 \quad 60 \quad 6 \\ + 300 \quad 50 \quad 8 \\ \hline 700 \quad 110 \quad 14 = 824 \end{array}$$

Horizontal expansion

$$\begin{array}{r} 83 \\ + 42 \\ \hline 125 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{r} 80 + 3 \\ + 40 + 2 \\ \hline 120 + 5 = 125 \end{array}$$

Use expanded column addition where digits in a column add to more than the column value

e.g. $466 + 358$

$$\begin{array}{r} 400 \quad 60 \quad 6 \\ 300 \quad 50 \quad 8 \\ + 100 \quad 10 \\ \hline 800 \quad 20 \quad 4 \end{array}$$

Compact column addition with two or more 3 digit numbers or towers of 2 digit numbers

e.g. $347 + 286 + 495$

$$\begin{array}{r} 347 \\ 286 \\ + 495 \\ 21 \\ \hline 1128 \end{array}$$

Compact column addition with 3 and 4 digit numbers

Recognise like fractions that add to 1

e.g. $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4}$

e.g. $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{5}$

Year 4 Written Addition

Pencil and paper procedures

$$367 + 185 = 431$$

either or

$$\begin{array}{r} 367 \\ +185 \\ \hline 12 \\ 140 \\ 400 \\ 552 \end{array}$$

leading to

$$\begin{array}{r} 367 \\ +185 \\ \hline 552 \\ 11 \end{array}$$

Extend to decimals in the context of money.

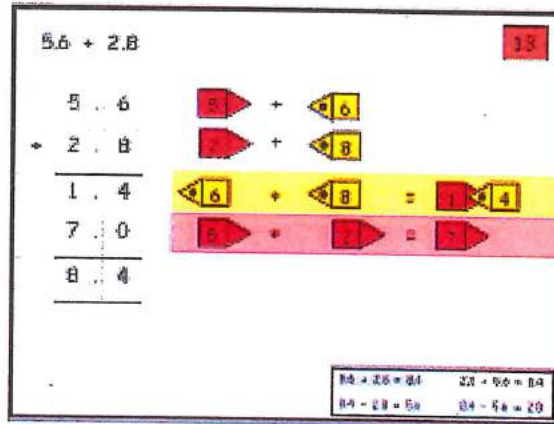
Use expanded and compact column addition to add amounts of money

Add like fractions

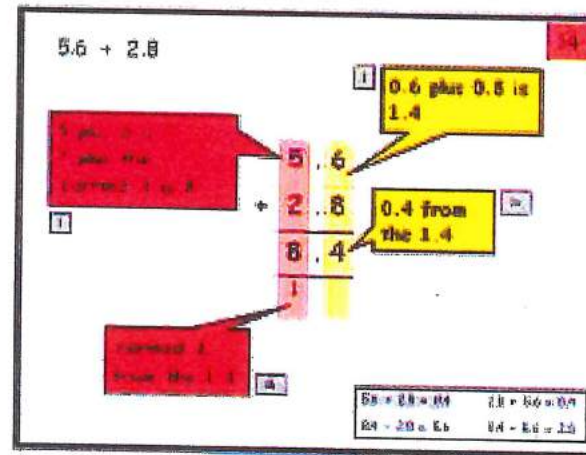
e.g. $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$

Build on expanded column addition to develop compact column addition with larger numbers

e.g. $1466 + 4868$



$$\begin{array}{r} 1000 \quad 400 \quad 60 \quad 5 \\ 4000 \quad 800 \quad 60 \quad 8 \\ + 1000 \quad 100 \quad 10 \\ \hline 6000 \quad 300 \quad 30 \quad 6 \end{array}$$



Compact column addition with larger numbers

$$\begin{array}{r} 5347 \\ 2286 \\ + 1495 \\ \hline 121 \\ \hline 9128 \end{array}$$

Year 5 Written Addition

Expanded column addition for money leading to compact column addition for adding several amounts of money

e.g. £14.64 + £28.78 + £12.26

Pencil and paper procedures

Extend to numbers with at least four digits

$$3587 + 675 = 4262$$

3587

+ 675

4262

111

Revert to expanded methods if the children experience any difficulty.

Extend to up to two places of decimals (same number of decimal places) and adding several numbers (with different numbers of digits).

72.8

+ 54.6

127.4

Add related fractions

e.g. $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{£}14 \quad 60\text{p} \quad 4\text{p} \\ \text{£}28 \quad 70\text{p} \quad 8\text{p} \\ + \text{£}12 \quad 20\text{p} \quad 6\text{p} \\ \hline \text{£}1 \quad 10\text{p} \\ \hline \text{£}55 \quad 60\text{p} \quad 8\text{p} \end{array}$$

Compact column addition to add pairs of 5 digit numbers

Continue to use column addition to add towers of several larger numbers

Use compact addition to add decimal numbers up to 2 decimal places

e.g. $15.68 + 27.86$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15.68 \\ + 27.86 \\ \hline 11.1 \\ \hline 43.54 \end{array}$$

Year 6 Written Addition

Compact column addition for adding several large numbers and decimal numbers with up to 2 decimal places

Compact column addition with money

e.g. £14.64 + £28.78 + £12.26

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{£}14.64 \\ + \text{£}28.78 \\ \text{£}12.26 \\ \hline \text{£}55.68 \end{array}$$

Revert to expanded methods if the children experience any difficulty.

Add unlike fractions, including mixed numbers

e.g. $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{11}{12}$

e.g. $2\frac{1}{4} + 1\frac{1}{3} = 3\frac{7}{12}$