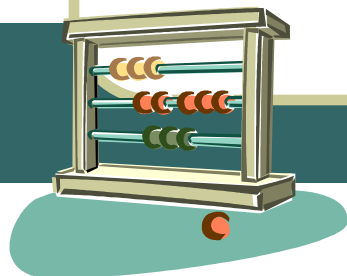


Numeracy

How can we help?

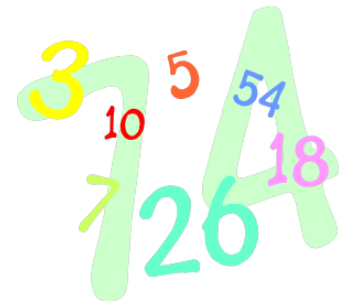
'LEARN TOGETHER'

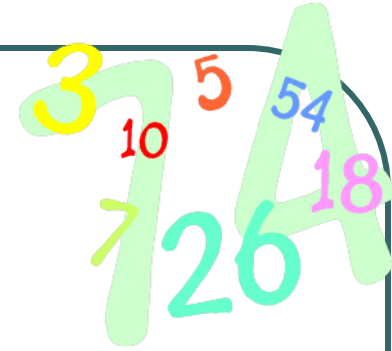
*Let's learn to enjoy, achieve, respect
and nurture together*



Introduction

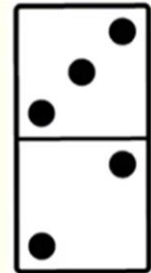
- Whole School Calculation Policy
- Teaching methods have changed - *focus now on understanding and visualisation rather than following a set of given steps to solve problems*
- Visualisation - *understanding quantities*
- Addition - *mental methods*
- Subtraction - *mental methods*
- Literacy & Numeracy Framework
- National Testing
- Web Page





Visualisation

- Children develop feel for number
- Develop strong link between number and quantity
- Learn to subitize with small numbers.
- Importance of fingers in learning maths



$$\begin{array}{c} 7+5 \\ \swarrow \searrow \\ 3 \quad 2 \end{array}$$

Playing Games

- Dot patterns - *helps understanding of quantities, subitizing and grouping.*
- Dominoes - *seeing whole split into 2 parts,*
- Fingers- *important tool in learning maths.*



Visualisation in School



- Continuous provision Maths Area

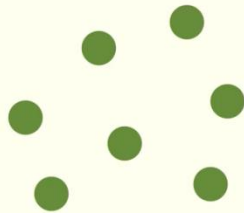


- Challenge visualisation cards and number lines

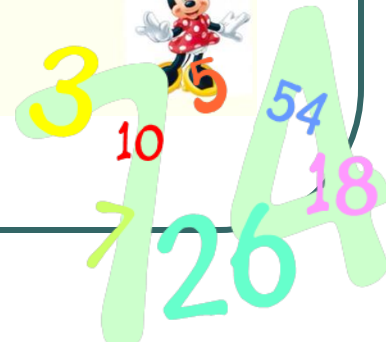
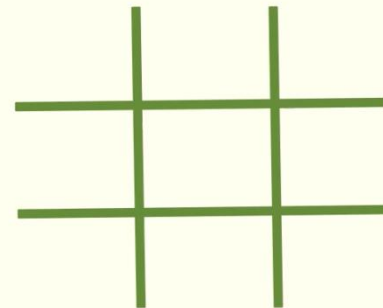
More Games

- Dotty 6 - 2 players and die, object to complete row with 6 in each box.
- Nim 7 - strategy game for 2 players.

Nim-7



Dotty 6



Important Number Skills

Counting on and back in 1s and 10s

Number bonds to: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10

6 e.g. $6 + 0$

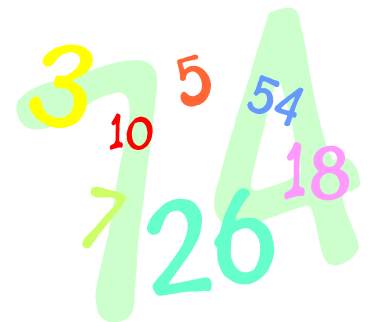
$5 + 1$

$4 + 2$

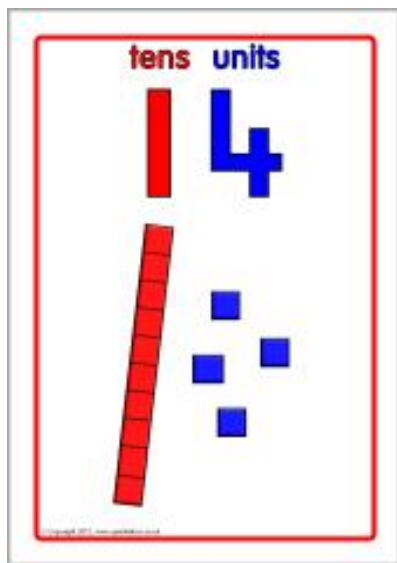
$3 + 3$

10 e.g. $7 + 3$

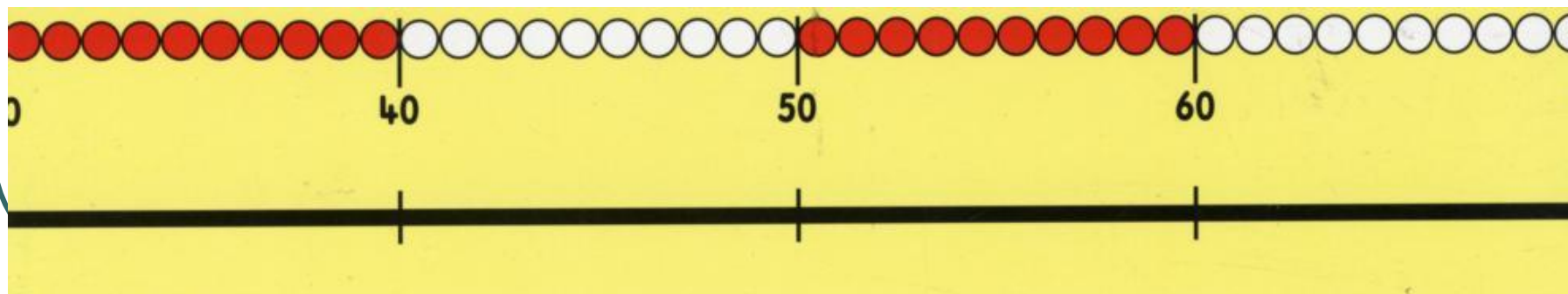
100 $70 + 30$ (v)



Tens and Units



100	10	1
200	20	2
300	30	3
400	40	4
500	50	5
600	60	6
700	70	7
800	80	8
900	90	9



Is	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10s	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90



Clear

Counting on

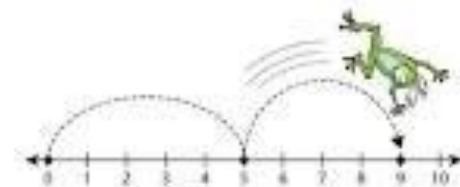
Use a variety of resources;

Multilink cubes

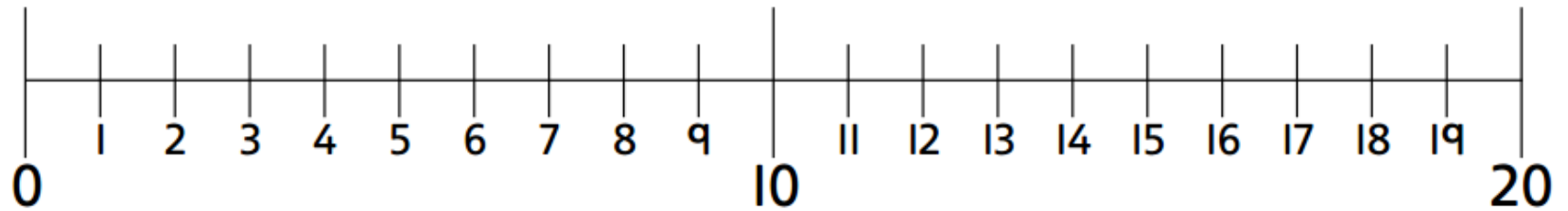
Numicon

Counters

Number line and frog



0-20 number line



$$9 + 7 = \square$$

Mental method - Addition: Adding 1 digit numbers to 2 digit numbers

$$21 + 7$$

Count on from 21 e.g.

$$21 + 7 \text{ more} = 28$$

Use knowledge of bonds to 8 e.g.

$$1 + 7 = 8$$

so $21 + 7 = 8$

(e)

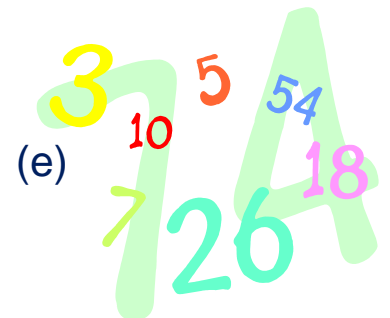
Mental Method - Addition: Adding 2 digit numbers to 2 digit numbers _(e)

$$43 + 32$$

Mentally add:

$$\begin{array}{l} 10\text{s} \\ 1\text{s} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 43 \\ 73 \end{array} + \begin{array}{l} 30 \\ 2 \end{array} = \begin{array}{l} 73 \\ 75 \end{array}$$

$$43 + 32 = 75$$



	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100



Clear



Options

mode

☐ highlight

☒ show/hide numbers

start number (0-101)

1

Update start number

step

☒ 1

10

number of rows

◀ 10 ▶

number of columns

◀ 10 ▶

☐ show prime numbers

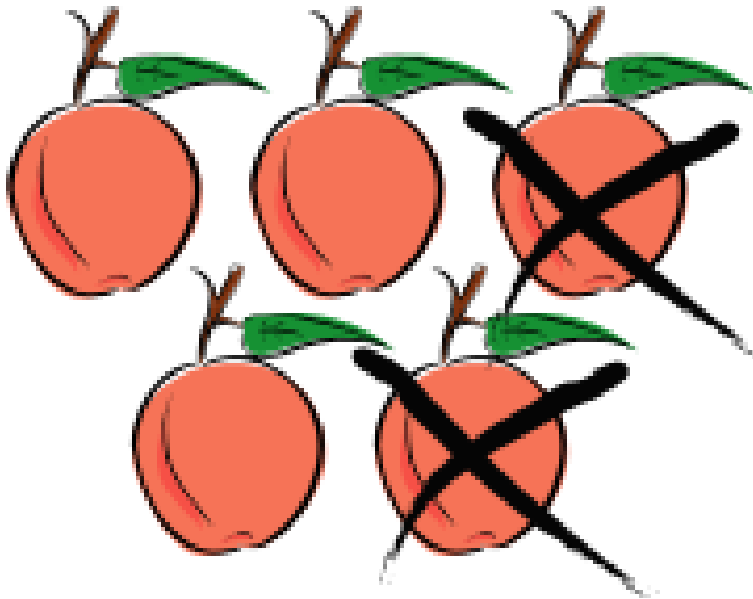
show multiples of

 -- ▼

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Subtraction - Taking Away 1 digit numbers

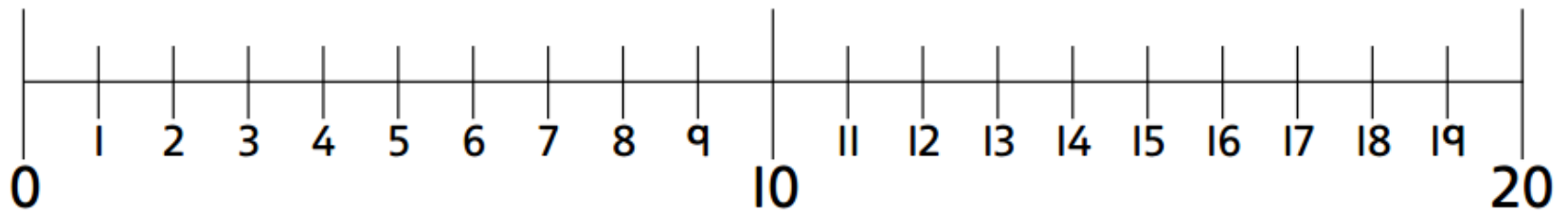


Begin by using objects
and counting back in
1s



Subtraction - Taking Away 1 digit numbers

0-20 number line



$$19 - 6 =$$

Subtraction - Taking Away 2 digit numbers

$$59 - 26$$

Mentally take away:

$$\begin{array}{l} 10\text{s} \\ 1\text{s} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 59 \\ 39 \end{array} - \begin{array}{r} 20 \\ 6 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 39 \\ 33 \end{array}$$

$$59 - 26 = 33$$

(e)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100



Clear



Options

mode

☐ highlight

☒ show/hide numbers

start number (0-101)

1

Update start number

step

☒ 1

10

number of rows

◀ 10 ▶

number of columns

◀ 10 ▶

☐ show prime numbers

show multiples of

 -- ▼

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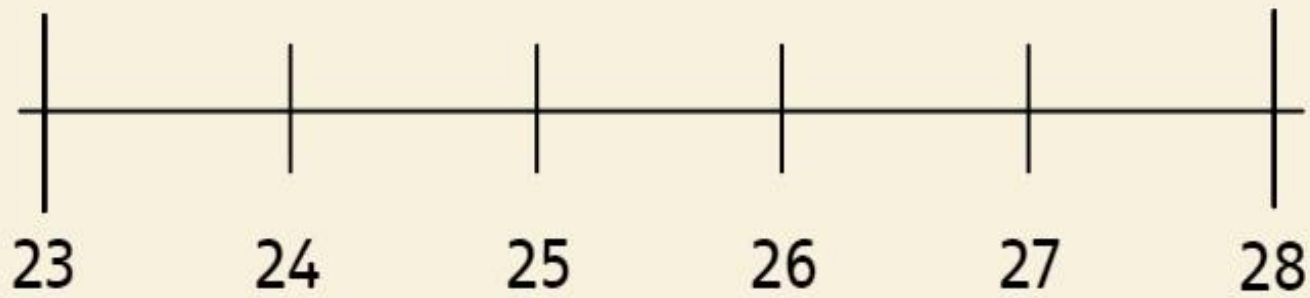
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Subtraction - Counting On (e)

Begin with the smaller number and count on until we reach the bigger number.

e.g. $28 - 23$

Rearrange to: $23 + \square = 28$



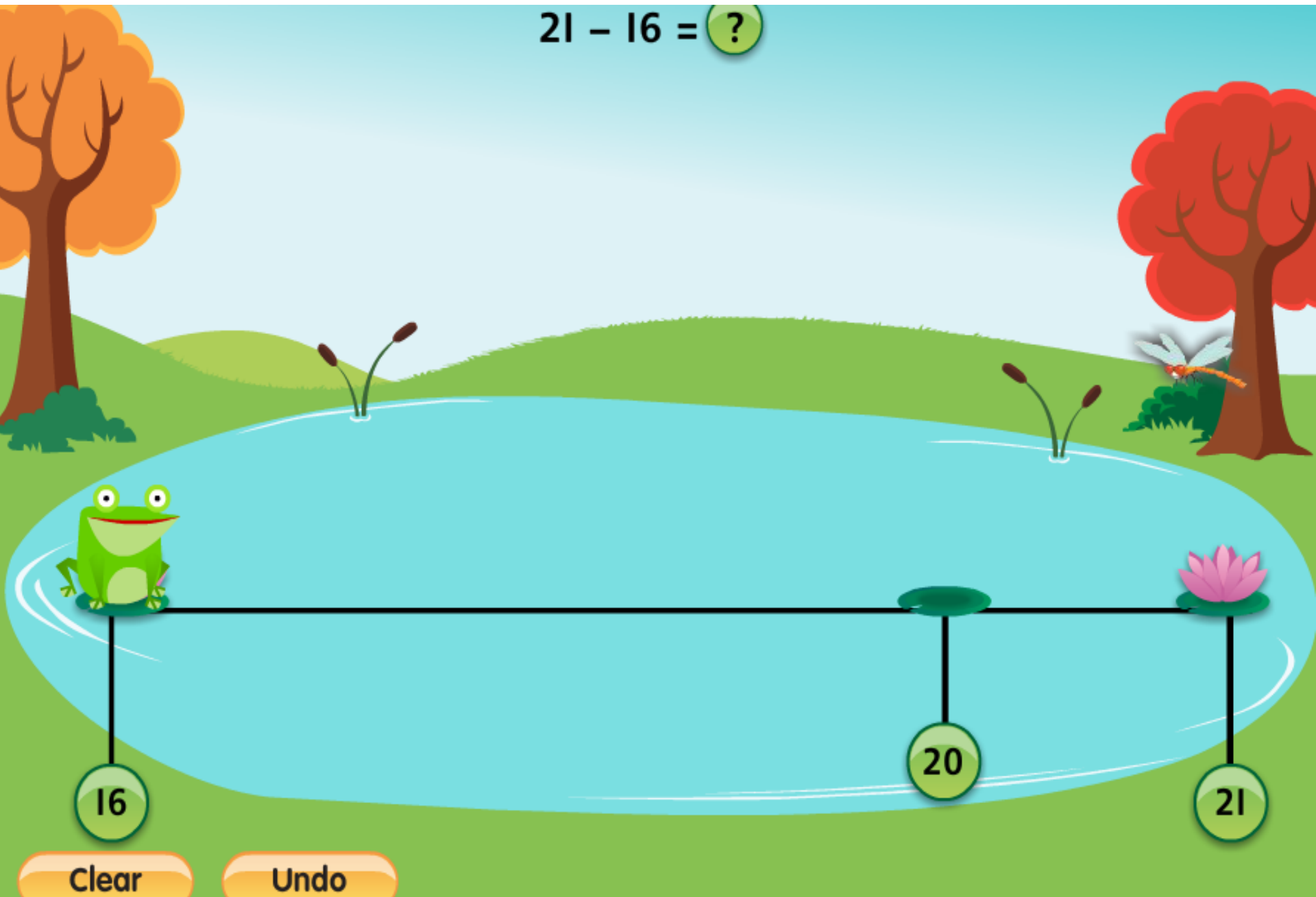
Bridging a ten

Begin with the smaller number and count on until we reach the bigger number.

e.g. $21 - 16$

Rearrange to: $16 + \square = 21$

$$21 - 16 = ?$$



Inverse operations

Encourage children to recognise that addition is an inverse of subtraction;

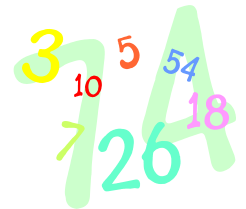
$$\begin{array}{l} \text{e.g. } 3 + \boxed{7} = 10 \\ 10 - 3 = \boxed{7} \end{array}$$

Plenary

- **Mental strategies:**
 - Importance of having a good understanding of visualisation of quantities, place value and number facts.
- **Addition:**
 - Counting on
 - Using knowledge of number bonds
- **Subtraction:**
 - Taking Away, finding the difference, counting on.

The National Curriculum and the Numeracy Framework

- Set of expectations for each year group from Reception to Year 9
- Applying numeracy skills in all areas of the curriculum
- Change in thinking - applying numerical skills rather than just isolated maths lessons



National Tests

- All children in Wales from BI 2 to BI 9
- Two parts to the Numeracy Tests:
 - 1) Procedural
 - 2) Numerical Reasoning
 - Test window set by Welsh Government:
 - 3rd to 10th May 2017

Next steps....

Any questions?

Have a look at the web page:

www.barkerslaneprimary.co.uk

www.iseemaths.com

With thanks to active learn and Gareth Metcalfe

Please complete the questionnaire -
your feedback is important to us!

Diolch yn fawr iawn!

